

Parathyroid Scan

Special Instructions 7	To be performed at UNMH.
] T	to be performed at SRMC on a case by case basis with Attending Rediologist approval
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Radiopharmaceutical:	Tc-99m Sestamibi
Dose (Adult/Pediatric):	Refer to Nuclear Medicine Dose Chart
Route of Administration:	Intravenous
Patient Preparation:	None.
Equipment Setup:	<u>Collimator (all cameras):</u> High resolution <u>Computer setup:</u>
	Planar images:
	• Acquire on Head 1
	Static acquisition
	• 256 x 256 matrix
	• Zoomed image (neck):
	 ZOOM 2.67, 10 min/image
	 <u>Non-zoomed image (Head/neck/chest):</u>
	 ZOOM 1.0, 5 min/image
	SPECT images:
	High resolution collimator
	• 128 x 128 matrix
	• $ZOOM = 1.0$
	• 180 degrees, CW (clockwise)
	• 64 steps, 15 sec/step
	Noncircular, continuous
Patient Positioning:	Feet first, supine. Make sure that the patient is comfortable and will not move his/her neck during the imaging (may need a pillow to prop his/her neck; use a cervical collar if performed on a SPECT only camera to ensure same positioning as for CT).
Procedure:	Acquire anterior planar zoomed (neck) and non-zoomed (head/neck/chest)

- Acquire anterior planar zoomed (neck) and non-zoomed (head/neck/chest) images with arms down, 10 minutes and 2 hours after injection.
- 4-hour delayed images are no longer required.

Parathyroid Scan (continued)

- Acquire SPECT images of the neck/upper chest with arms down <u>immediately</u> <u>after</u> the initial planar images.
- For SPECT-CT, the CT acquisition to the region goes from the nose through the base (bottom) of the heart.
- For SPECT only cameras, images should be acquired in a cervical collar. Obtain planar and SPECT images first, and then confirm the region to CT with the radiologist (under a neck CT acquisition with arms down, 3-5 mm sections, nose through the base of the heart)

Processing: Generate one savescreen of both planar time points with zoomed images above (immediate, 2 hour) and non-zoomed images below (immediate, 2 hour).

SPECT or SPECT-CT:

• Follow automatic processing workflow

If SPECT-CT:

• Process CT in soft tissue (B30) and bone (B60) algorithm; should have attenuation corrected and non attenuation corrected SPECT tomo files

Items Required For Complete Study:

- Processing and transfer of all images to PACS and/or Leonardo as appropriate
 - Raw data of all planar images to PACS
 - <u>Planar</u>:
 - Lightbox/savescreen of all planar images to PACS, processed as above
 - <u>SPECT-CT:</u>
 - Attenuation Corrected and Non Attenuation Corrected Tomo Reconstructions, CT (B30 and B60) to Leonardo and PACS
- Complete the examination in RIS